

ENVIRONMENT OF CARE, PART 2

TABLE 2 HVAC DESIGN PARAMETERS^{1,2}

Functional area	Minimum outdoor air changes per hour	Minimum total air changes per hour*	Humidity	Temperature	Settings for airflow patterns (pressure)
Operating room	4	20	20% to 60%	68° F to 75° F (200 C positive to 240 C)	
Soiled workroom/decontamination room	2	6	NR	72° F to 78° F (22° C negative to 26° C)	
Sterilizer equipment access	NR	10	NR	72° F to 78° F (22° C negative to 26° C)	
Preparation and packaging/clean workroom	2	4	Maximum 60%	72° F to 78° F (22° C positive to 26° C)	
Clean/sterile storage	2	4	Maximum 60%	72° F to 78° F (22° C positive to 26° C)	
Restroom/housekeeping	NR	10	NR	NR	negative
Postanesthesia care unit	2	6	20% to 60%	70° F to 75° F (21° C NR to 24° C)	
Procedure room	3	15	20% to 60%	70° F to 75° F (21° C positive to 24° C)	
Gastrointestinal endoscopy procedure room	2	6	20% to 60%	68° F to 73° F (20° C NR to 23° C)	
Gastrointestinal endoscope cleaning room	2	10	NR	NR	negative
Semi-restricted corridor	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR = No recommendation

* Total air changes per hour is the sum of the outdoor air changes plus the recirculated air changes.

REFERENCE

1. Facility Guidelines Institute, US Department of Health and Human Services, American Society for Healthcare Engineering. Guidelines for Design and Construction of Hospitals and Outpatient Facilities. Chicago, IL: American Society for Healthcare Engineering of the American Hospital Association; 2014.
2. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. State Operations Manual Appendix A—Survey Protocol, Regulations and Interpretive Guidelines for Hospitals. Rev. 78; 2011.

rates of air changes. One OR had an air change rate of 23 ACH and the other OR had a rate of 15 ACH. The comparison revealed that the OR with 23 ACH had lower levels of particulate matter in the air. The researchers concluded that a higher air change rate may reduce microbial contamination in the OR.⁶⁶

Perdelli et al measured airborne microbial concentrations in various environments including ORs in 10 hospitals in Saudi Arabia. They found that the fungal concentration was lower inside the building compared to the outside environment. The fungal concentration levels were the lowest in the ORs that were equipped with HEPA filters (efficiency = 99.97%), had at least 15 ACH, and had positive pressure.⁶⁷

IV.c.1. The ACH in a restricted area should be maintained at 20 total changes per hour, a minimum of five air changes of outdoor air per hour or at the rate that was applicable at the time of design or of the most recent evaluation of the HVAC system.⁷

IV.c.2. The ACH in a semi-restricted area is related to the function performed in the area:

- clean/sterile storage—4 total and 2 outdoor air changes
- soiled workroom/decontamination room—6 total and 2 outdoor air changes
- sterilizer equipment access—1 and no recommendation for outdoor air changes⁷